# **Modus Model T40**

### **MODEL T40**

## AC Power Input / 4 - 20mA Output



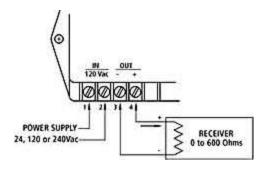
## **SPECIFICATIONS**

### **Electrical**

Nominal Input Voltage	Power Consumption	OperatingVoltage Range
24 Vac, 50/60Hz 120 Vac, 50/60Hz 240 Vac, 50/60Hz	1.5W	20 to 30 Vac
	1.5W	100 to 140 Vac
	1.5W	200 to 260 Vac

Transformer isolation between power supply and output is 2500 Vrms Receiver resistance can be from 0 to 600 Ohms Output limited to approx. 27m A at the upper end of span

Terminals 1 and 2 are AC power input. Terminals 3 and 4 are 4-20mA current output.



## ORDERING INFORMATION

Order Number (See Table below and Reference **Table A**) T40 - PPP - S - O Example: T40 - 03M - E - B

PPP = Pressure Range	S = Supply Voltage	O = Offset (See Note 1)
See Reference <b>Table A</b>	C = 24 Vac	- = No offset
	D = 120 Vac	A = 1/4 offset
	E = 240 Vac	B = 1/2 offset

#### Note 1

If the measured differential pressure is expected to go from positive to negative, a transmitter with offset (elevated zero) should be ordered. Three options are available:

"-" No offset. At zero differential pressure the output signal is:

4mA (4 to 20mA range) 0V (0 to 5V range) 0V (0 to 10V range)

Pressure excursion: 0% to + 100% of Range, see Table A

"A" 1/4 span offset. At zero differential pressure the output signal is:

8mA (4 to 20mA range) 1.25V (0 to 5V range) 2.5V (0 to 10V range)

Pressure excursion: -33% to +100% of Range, see Table A

"B" 1/2 span offset. At zero differential pressure the output signal is:

12mA (4 to 20mA range) 2.5V (0 to 5V range) 5V (0 to 10V range)

Pressure excursion: -100% to +100% of Range see Table A

To order: determine the positive pressure range; from **Table A** find the corresponding pressure code, then add the required offset (none, A, or B).

For example, T30 05E A is a transmitter with a maximum range of 1" of H2O at 20mA and a minimum range of -0.33" of H2O at 4mA.